英

令 和 8 年 度

A 個 別 方 式

英　　語

注　意

1．この冊子は開始の合図があるまで開かないこと。
2．解答時間は 60 分間である。
3．試験開始の合図があったら，この冊子が１ページから８ページまでそろっていることを確かめ，不備の場合は着席したまま手を挙げること。
4．解答はすべて解答用紙の所定欄に記入すること。
5．解答に無関係な語句や記号を書いたり，落書などのある解答用紙は無効とする。
6．解答用紙には，必ず受験番号と氏名を記入すること。
7．試験終了後，この冊子は持ち帰りなさい。

試験問題は，次のページからです。

1. Write the word in each sentence that best matches the definition.

1. Each therapy session dealing with concussions results in only gradual progress, highlighting the importance of patience and professional guidance.

   Definition: improvement, or becoming better

2. The team decided to organize all the necessary documents and materials to ensure a smooth and successful product announcement next month.

   Definition: arrange or prepare for something systematically

3. Medical staff must constantly monitor the patient during an operation to know if there are changes in heart rate, blood pressure, or oxygen levels.

   Definition: observe and check how things go

4. A well-known Japanese baseball player received praise when he donated 60,000 baseball gloves to 6,500 schools located throughout the country.

   Definition: freely gave money or goods

5. People were instructed to evacuate areas affected by the earthquake and were only allowed to bring a few items, such as wallets and ID cards.

   Definition: leave a dangerous place

6. To lead a healthier lifestyle, it is important to consider the size of each meal to avoid overeating, especially when dining out at restaurants.

   Definition: keep in mind, think about

2. Choose the best answer from a. ~ d. to complete each sentence.

1. ( ) its age, the clock is in remarkable condition.
   a. Consider b. Considerate c. Considered d. Considering

2. We really need to move forward with this ( ) the cost.
   a. anyhow b. except c. however d. whatever

3. He can't even make toast, let alone ( ) dinner for guests.
   a. cook b. cooked c. is cooked d. was cooking

4. If I'm not ( ), that's Dr. Sato who's coming out of the clinic.
   a. mistake b. mistaken c. mistaking d. mistook

5. She ( ) swimming competitively for almost 12 years, when an accident forced her to give it all up.
   a. had been b. has been c. were d. will be

6. Despite their age gap, they quickly ( ) best of friends.
   a. became b. becomes c. becoming d. has become

7. ( ) the news, at least six people were involved in the accident.
   a. At b. By c. For d. In

8. Never ( ) he dream of traveling abroad, as his family was so poor.
   a. did b. do c. was d. were

9. You should wash a kitchen knife as ( ) possible after use.
   a. soon b. soon as c. sooner than d. soonest

10. The new song is so good that it will become an ( ) classic.
   a. instance b. instant c. instantaneously d. instantly

3. Choose the best answer from a. ~ d. to complete each sentence.

1. A dentist uses special tools to examine teeth and other ( ) issues.
   a. immune b. mental c. optical d. oral

2. The dentist ( ) his patient to floss after brushing her teeth.
   a. adapted b. admitted c. advanced d. advised

3. He found himself inspired by his friend's ( ) to become a scientist.
   a. balance b. decision c. inclusion d. settlement

4. Seals are descended from a dog-like creature that 30 million years ago ( ) to the sea.
   a. recovered b. regained c. returned d. reunited

5. The student was encouraged by how much her ( ) had improved over the past few months.
   a. basis b. completion c. performance d. termination

6. A new art ( ) opened last month that I'd really like to go to sometime soon.
   a. catalog b. gallery c. material d. profession

7. He later explained the matter to me, and what he said now makes ( ).
   a. attention b. credit c. power d. sense

8. The new law is to protect ( ) from illegal hunting.
   a. arrows b. field c. range d. wildlife

9. There is usually a clear ( ) between fact and opinion.
   a. advance b. distinction c. object d. trial

10. Her sales position was only ( ), so she's already left the company.
    a. cheap b. closed c. hired d. temporary

4. Choose the best answer from a. ~ d. to complete each conversation.

I. [Open campus]

A: Can you tell me about the itinerary of the campus tour?

B: Sure. Well, (1)

A: Okay, why is that?

B: Because students spend so much time there reading and doing research.

a. after which, we will come back here to the lobby.
b. the school gymnasium just opened last year.
c. we start off with the library and its study rooms.
d. we will end up back here when we finish.

II. [Two friends]

A: Would you like to go to the music festival with us next weekend?

B: I'd love to, but I'd have to change my schedule. (2)

A: No problem. Is it something important?

B: Nothing too serious.

a. Can you give me some time to sort it out?
b. Do you know what bands are playing?
c. How far is it from here?
d. Who else is going with you?

III. [A bookstore]

A: Can I order a book called *Mystery Tours in Japan*?

B: Let me check if I can order that book. It's kind of old, isn't it?

A: Yes, it was published in 1990.

B: I found it, though it may take a few weeks to get it here.

A: Okay. (3) I can wait.

a. I don't like mystery novels.
b. Optional tours are popular.
c. Please place an order.
d. That's too much.

IV. [Father and son]

A: Dad, can I bother you for a second? I wanted to talk with you.

B: What can I do for you?

A: You remember I borrowed some money from you last month.

B: Yes, I've been wondering about that.

A: Can you wait another month or so? (4) But I've finally got the new job, so I can start paying you back soon.

B: No problem. I know how hard it can be from my own experience.

a. I don't know what time the bank opens.
b. I had some unexpected expenses.
c. I've got to write a resume.
d. It's not unintended.

V. [Two colleagues]

A: Do you subscribe to any online magazines?

B: As a matter of fact, I just signed up for a business management magazine.

A: That's interesting. Why did you choose that?

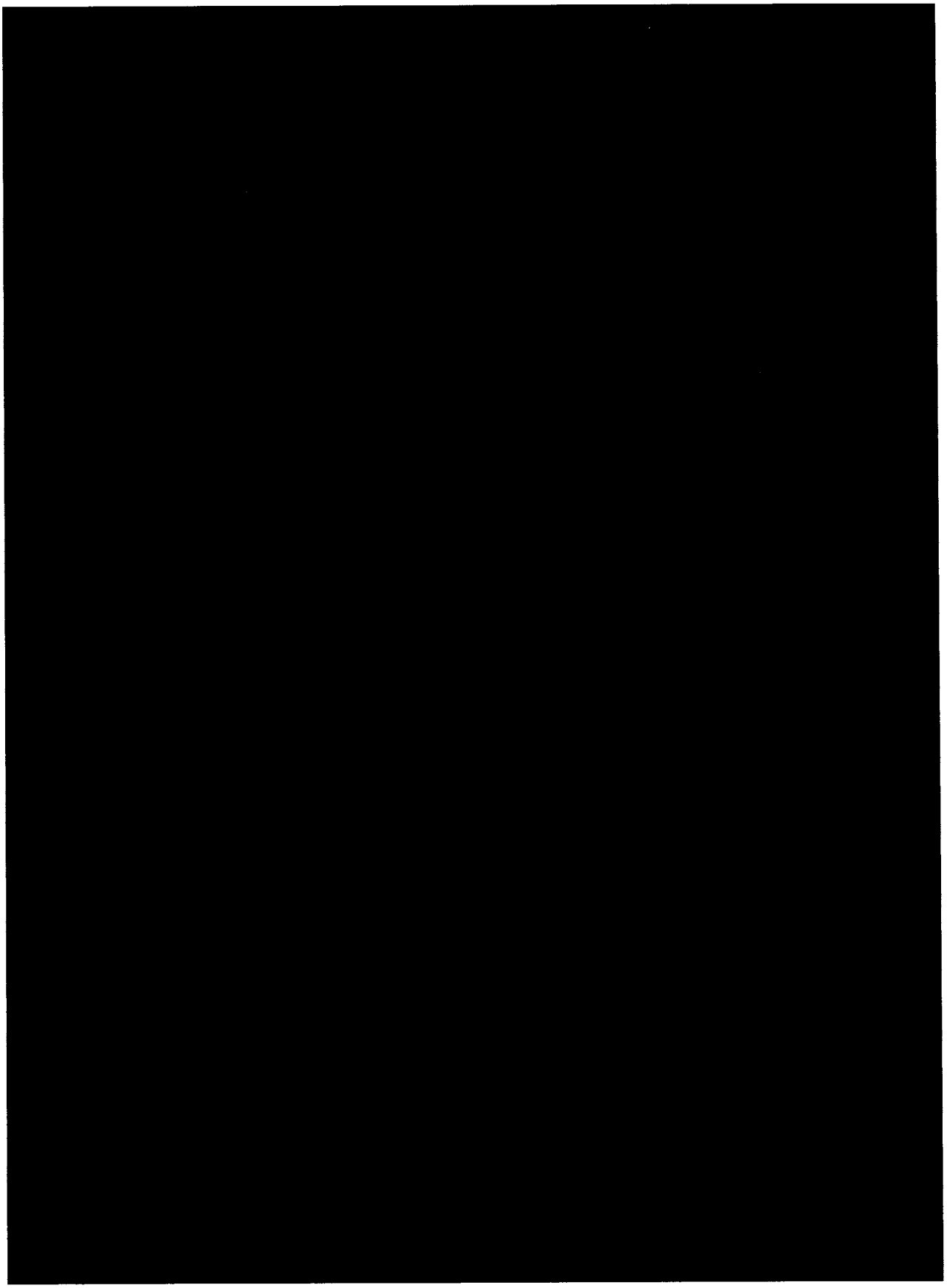
B: I'm getting interested in international management.

A: That's a big change for you.

B: (5) I want to work in international trade.

a. Actually, I'm looking for a new job.
b. I have never liked traveling.
c. What brought you to this point?
d. Would you like to borrow it?

5. Read the text and answer questions 1. ~ 5.



[redacted]

[Shimaoka, T. & Berman, J. (2015). Humor and Laughter. *Life Topics: Deeper Connections*. Nan'un-do, 22-23] より抜粋/一部改変

Notes: Plato プラトン（哲学者） Freud フロイト（心理学者，精神科医）

1. What percentage of grownups' laughter is in response to jokes?
   a. 17.5
   b. Around 11
   c. 17
   d. Thousands

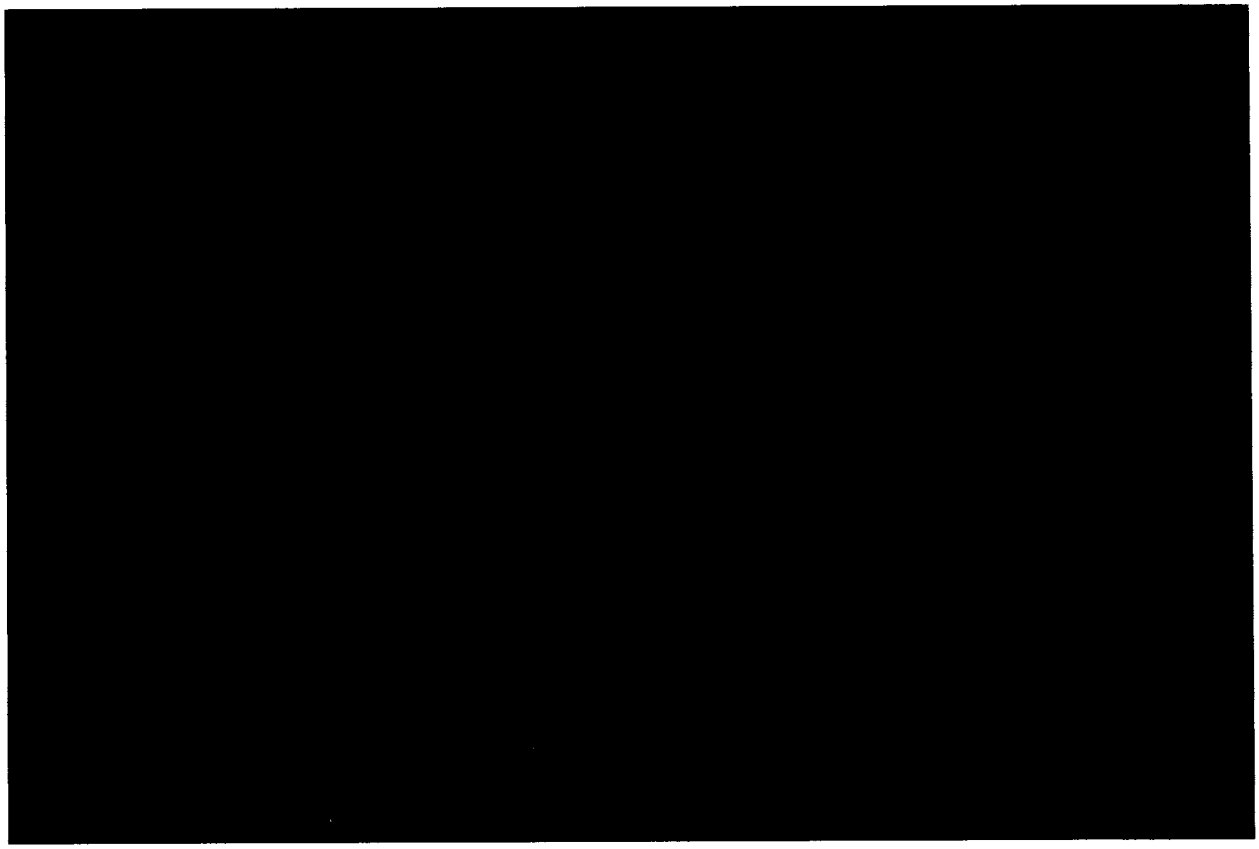
2. Which sentence about animals is true?
   a. Monkeys laugh almost every day, often when playing with each other.
   b. Monkeys seldom fool around with one another.
   c. Rats chirp when their heads and necks are tickled.
   d. Rats show disgust when humans tickle them.

3. Which statement about theories of humor is supported by the text?
   a. A person's sense of humor might depend on age and intelligence.
   b. Freud agreed with Plato's idea about laughing.
   c. Humor happens when an idea goes in the direction it is expected to.
   d. Plato thought humor was about people's deeper desires.

4. Which is mentioned as a physical benefit of laughter?
   a. A sudden decrease in blood flow and heart rate can happen.
   b. Laughing cannot help a person lose weight.
   c. Laughing usually doesn't improve breathing.
   d. Laughter could help stretch the muscles.

5. Which sentence best summarizes the text?
   a. Exercise, especially in a gym, improves laughter and humor.
   b. Laughter brings many benefits, both physical and mental.
   c. People intentionally laugh to impress others.
   d. People should be trained to laugh more.

6. Read the text and choose the best answer from a. ~ d. for each blank 1 ~ 4.



[Baron, J., & Henley, J. (2023). *Flow: Reading without Borders*. Seibido, 110]

1. a. Accordingly b. However c. Negatively d. Moreover

2. a. Eventually b. Furthermore c. Mainly d. Undoubtedly

3. a. Although b. Because c. If d. So

4. a. All things considered b. Between the lines
   c. For comparison's sake d. Not to mention